

# Chapter 21 - Electric Charge and Electric Field Part 1

## Physics 207

1a)  $r = 6.43 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$

1b)  $v = 176000 \text{ m/s}$

1c)  $F = 1.18 \text{ N}$

$$a = 7.08 \times 10^{26} \text{ m/s}^2$$

2a and b)  $r = 2.14 \text{ cm}$  attractive

3a)  $\vec{F}_{+2q} = -\frac{3kq^2}{2a^2}\hat{i}$

$$\vec{F}_{+q} = +\frac{3kq^2}{a^2}\hat{i}$$

$$\vec{F}_{-q} = -\frac{3kq^2}{2a^2}\hat{i}$$

3b)  $F_{+2q} = F_{-q} < F_{+q}$

4)  $\vec{F} = -\frac{kq^2b}{(a^2+b^2)^{3/2}}\hat{i} + \left(\frac{3kq^2a}{(a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{kq^2}{4a^2}\right)\hat{j}$

5)  $x = d(2 + \sqrt{2})$

6a)  $\vec{r} = 15.0\hat{i} - 29.0\hat{j}$

6b)  $r = 32.6 \text{ mm}$

6c)  $\hat{r} = 0.459\hat{i} - 0.888\hat{j}$

6d)  $F = 2.16 \times 10^{-25} \text{ N}$

6e)  $\vec{F}_e = -0.993 \times 10^{-25}\hat{i} + 1.92 \times 10^{-25}\hat{j}$

6f)  $\vec{F}_p = +0.993 \times 10^{-25}\hat{i} - 1.92 \times 10^{-25}\hat{j}$

7)  $Q_2 = \frac{Q_1}{2\sqrt{2}}$

8)  $q_2 = -\frac{m(a+g)c^3}{kQb}$

$$q_1 = \frac{m(a+g)c^3}{kQb}$$